Safeguarding children and young people is the responsibility of everyone

Parkgate Primary School

Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

September 2020

Policy last reviewed: July 2020
Reviewed by: The Futures Trust /Zoe Richards (Headteacher and DSL)
Agreed by governors: Wednesday 30th September 2020
(Agreed by Powers of Urgency-August 2020)
Shared with staff: September 2020
Frequency of review: Annually
Date of next review: September 2021

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1 Definitions
1.1 ‘Safeguarding’ is defined in Keeping Children Safe in Education (2019) as:

- protecting children from maltreatment;
- preventing impairment of children’s health or development;
- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
- Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

1.2 ‘Child Protection’ is the intervention that occurs when children have been significantly harmed or are at risk of significant harm.

1.3 ‘Child’ refers to everyone under the age of 18.

1.4 ‘Parent’ refers to birth parents and other adults in a parenting role for example adoptive parents, step parents and foster carers.

1.5 ‘Staff’ or ‘members of staff’ refers to all teaching, non-teaching, support, supply, peripatetic, contract staff, governors, volunteers and trustees working in or on behalf of Parkgate Primary and The Futures Trust.

2 Introduction
2.1 We recognise that safeguarding and child protection is an essential part of our duty of care to all students and all staff have a responsibility to provide a safe environment in which children can learn. We understand that safeguarding, child protection and promoting the welfare of all children is everyone’s responsibility and everyone has a role to play in protecting children. We recognise that our school is part of a wider safeguarding system for children and work closely with other agencies to promote the welfare of children. We maintain an attitude of ‘it could happen here’ and will consider the wishes of, and at all times, what is in the best interests of each child.

2.2 The purpose of this policy is to:

- Promote safeguarding and child protection and to demonstrate Parkgate Primary’s commitment to keeping children safe;
- Provide all members of staff with the information required to meet their safeguarding duty and protect children from harm;
- Provide stakeholders with clear information relating to Parkgate Primary School’s safeguarding and child protection procedures;
- Ensure that staff understand, can recognise and can respond to the indicators of abuse;
- Ensure that all staff are aware of their mandatory reporting duty in relation to Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003; and
- Ensure that children are protected from maltreatment or harm.

2.3 Parkgate Primary is committed the following principles:

- All children have the right to be protected from harm.
- Children should feel safe and secure and cannot learn unless they do so.
All staff are responsible for keeping children safe and have a responsibility to act if they think a child is at risk of harm.

Working with other agencies is essential to promote safeguarding and protect children from harm.

Early help and providing support to families and/or children as soon as a problem emerges is essential to improving outcomes for children and families.

2.4 Safeguarding aims

The safeguarding aims of Parkgate Primary, in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020) are to:

- work to identify children who are suffering or likely to suffer harm or abuse and act to protect them;
- work with relevant services and agencies to ensure that children are protected from harm;
- provide a learning environment for children which is safe and secure;
- teach children how to keep themselves safe and provide structures for them to raise concerns if they are worried or at risk of harm;
- support children’s mental health and wellbeing;
- ensure that we adhere to safer recruitment guidance and legislation, deal promptly with allegations of abuse against staff and take bullying and harassment seriously;
- train staff effectively in all safeguarding issues and in their responsibilities for identifying and protecting children that are or may be at risk of harm;
- recognise that all children may be vulnerable to abuse, but be aware that some children have increased vulnerabilities due to special educational needs or disabilities;
- maintain a robust recording system for any safeguarding or child protection information;
- ensure that everyone in Parkgate Primary understands the safeguarding procedures; and to
- Regularly review policies and procedures to ensure that children are protected to the best of our ability.

2.5 This policy adheres to the following documents:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020)*
- Working Together to Safeguard Children (June 2018)*
- Guidance for Safer Working Practice for those working with children and young people in education settings addendum (April 2020)
- What to do if you are worried a child is being abused: Advice for practitioners (2015)

2.6 An addendum to this policy outlining safeguarding arrangements during the COVID-19 emergency period can be found on the school website. Keeping Children Safe in Education remains in force throughout the COVID-19 emergency period.

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1 Guidance marked with an asterisk (*) is statutory.
addition we have regard to non-statutory interim guidance on safeguarding schools, colleges and other providers during the coronavirus outbreak.

We will continue to work closely with the Local Authority and Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership to safeguard children during this time.

Please note that there are a number of other documents (statutory and non-statutory) that inform our policy and practice. A list of these can be found in Annex A of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020).

Parkgate Primary operates under all current government guidance relating to COVID-19 and reviews this regularly. For further details please see Appendix C.

2.7 This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

Links to these policies and further relevant policies can be found in Appendix A.

- Parkgate Primary school’s Behaviour policy
- Parkgate Primary School’s PSHSE Policy
- Parkgate Primary School’s RSE Policy
- Parkgate Primary school’s Attendance Policy
- Parkgate Primary school’s Anti-Bullying Procedures
- Parkgate Primary School’s Statement of Procedures for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse Against Teachers, Other staff and Volunteers
- Parkgate Primary School’s Whistleblowing Policy
- The Futures Trust Safer Recruitment Policy
- Parkgate Primary School’s Code of Conduct
- The Futures Trust Suitability Policy-Statement on the Recruitment of Ex-offenders.
- The Futures Trust Reference Policy (Providing and Requesting)
- Parkgate Primary School’s volunteer Policy
- The Futures Trust ICT Acceptable Use Policy
- Parkgate Primary School’s ‘School Visitor Management Policy.

2.8 Scope

2.8.1 This policy applies to all teaching, non-teaching, support, supply, peripatetic, contract staff, governors, volunteers and trustees working in or on behalf of Parkgate Primary or The Futures Trust. All references in this document to ‘staff’ or ‘members of staff’ should be interpreted as relating to the aforementioned unless otherwise stated.

2.8.2 Rather than duplicating content from Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2018) in this policy, it should be understood that Parkgate Primary will always refer to this document as the benchmark for all safeguarding practice.

3 Roles and Responsibilities
3.1 The Role of the Governing Body and The Futures Trust

3.1.1 The futures trust has a senior board level lead to take leadership responsibility for safeguarding. This role is carried out by Carol Blair, Trustee. At school level the named governor for safeguarding is Carol Blair. Part 2 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020) sets out the responsibilities of governing bodies. As part of these overarching responsibilities the Governing Body and Trust will:

- Ensure that they comply with their duties under legislation;
- Ensure that policies, procedures and training in Parkgate Primary School are effective and comply with the law at all times and that they allow concerns to be responded to in a timely manner;
- Ensure that Parkgate Primary school takes into account local authority and Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership policies and supply information as requested by the three safeguarding partners (the Local Authority, a clinical commissioning group for an area within the local authority and the chief office of police for a police area within the local authority);
- Ensure that Parkgate Primary School has an effective child protection policy, that it is published on Parkgate Primary School’s Website or available by other means and review this annually;
- Ensure that Parkgate Primary School has a staff behaviour policy or Code of Conduct;
- Ensure that all staff undergo safeguarding and child protection training on induction;
- Consider a whole–school approach to online safety, including the use of mobile technology in school;
- Ensure that there are clear systems and processes in place for identifying when children may be experiencing mental health problems;
- Ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety. See section 12 of this policy for further information;
- Put in place appropriate safeguarding responses for children who go missing from education;
- Appoint an appropriate member of staff from the senior leadership team to the role of Designated Safeguarding Lead;
- Ensure that appropriate filters and monitoring systems are in place to keep children safe online; and
- Respond to allegations of abuse against the headteacher.
- Ensure that on arrival at school all visitors (including contractors) are provided with a leaflet making them aware of their responsibilities in being alert to the signs of abuse, and their responsibility for referring any concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead or their Deputy; this will include the names of the Designated Safeguarding Leads and their contact details;

3.2 The Role of the Headteacher

3.2.1 The headteacher will;

- Ensure that this policy is reviewed annually and ratified by the governing body;
- Ensure that this policy and associated procedures are adhered to by all staff;
• Ensure that all staff are made aware of the named governor for safeguarding and the designated safeguarding lead;
• Ensure that the role of ‘Designated Safeguarding Lead’ is explicit in the role-holder’s job description;
• Decide whether to have one or more deputy safeguarding leads and ensure they are trained to the same standard as the Designated Safeguarding Lead;
• Organise appropriate cover for the role of Designated Safeguarding Lead for any out of hour/out of term activities;
• Appoint a ‘Designated Teacher for Looked-After Children and Previously Looked-After Children’ to promote the educational achievement of children looked after;
• Appoint a lead for online safety (This is the Deputy Head but the headteacher (DSL) will still retain ultimate responsibility);
• Ensure that all recruitment follows the ‘Safer Recruitment’ guidance and a single, central record is maintained with details of all members of staff who are in contact with children;
• Respond to allegations of abuse against all other members of staff;
• Refer cases where a person is dismissed or left due to risk/harm to a child to the Disclosure and Barring Service as required;
• Ensure that the school works with social care, the police, health services and other services to; promote the welfare of children; provide a co-ordinated offer of early help when need is identified; contribute to inter-agency plans for children subject to child protection plans and to protect children from harm;
• Safeguard children’s wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties (Teaching Standards, 2012); and
• Ensure that children’s social care(from the host local authority or placing authority) have access to Parkgate Primary School to conduct, or to consider whether to conduct a section 47 or section 17 assessment, as per Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020)
• Ensure that the school is alert to possible private fostering arrangements and that in the school admission process, the parents/carers resident with each child or young person indicate whether they are a parent, other relative (to be specified), friend of the family, or other (to be specified)

3.3 The Role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead

3.3.1 The Designated Lead for Safeguarding is Zoe Richards. The Designated Safeguarding Lead will;
• Take overall lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection in Parkgate Primary School.
• Act as a source of support and expertise on matters relating to safeguarding and child protection to ensure that other members of staff can carry out their safeguarding duty;
• Be best placed to advise on the response to safeguarding concerns;
• Liaise with the Local Authority and work with other agencies in line with ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018);”
• Identify if children may benefit from early help;
• Make referrals to Coventry’s Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) where children are at risk of significant harm.
• Make referrals to the Channel programme where there is a radicalisation concern and/or support staff that make a referral to Channel;
• Support the school with regards to their responsibilities under the Prevent duty and provide advice and support on protecting children from radicalisation;
• Refer cases to the police where a crime may have been committed;
• Be available during school or college hours for staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns. In the event that they are not available, a deputy will be made available;
• Undertake training to equip them with the skills to carry out the role and update this every two years;
• Ensure all staff have read and understood Part 1 and Annex A of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020);
• Update their knowledge and skills regularly and keep up with any developments relevant to their role;
• Provide staff in school with the knowledge, skills and support required to safeguard children;
• Take responsibility for the accurate and timely recording of safeguarding and child protection concerns and take overall responsibility for safeguarding and child protection files;
• Take responsibility for the transfer of safeguarding files when a child leaves Parkgate Primary;
• Attend or ensure an appropriate representative attends multi-agency safeguarding or child protection meetings;
• Work closely with other relevant education professionals (e.g. SENCO, Virtual School Head) to ensure children with additional vulnerabilities are safeguarded;
• Promote a ‘culture of safeguarding’, in which every member of Parkgate Primary community acts in the best interests of the child;
• Regularly meet with the safeguarding link governor and/or Chair of Governors to review safeguarding in Parkgate Primary; and
• Liaise with the headteacher regarding safeguarding cases and issues.
• The Designated Safeguarding Lead will have the status and authority within the school to carry out the duties of the post including committing resources and where appropriate, supporting and directing other staff.

3.3.2 Further details on the role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead can be found in Annex B of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2019).

3.4 The Role & Responsibilities of all Staff within School

3.4.1 School staff play a particularly important role because they are in a position to identify concerns early in order to provide help for children. All staff in Parkgate Primary;

• Have a responsibility to provide a safe environment, where children can learn;
• Should know what to do if a child tells them that he/she is being abused or neglected;
• Will be able to identify indicators of abuse;
• Will be made aware of: the safeguarding and child protection policy; the school behaviour policy; the staff behaviour policy; information about the safeguarding response to children missing in education; the role of the designated safeguarding lead and systems in Parkgate Primary that support safeguarding and child protection;
• Will be provided with a copy of Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020) annually and receive annually updated training on their safeguarding roles and responsibilities;
• Should have an awareness of safeguarding issues that put children at risk of harm and behaviours associated with these risks;
• Should know what to do if a child makes a disclosure of abuse and never promise confidentiality when a child makes a disclosure;
• Will be made aware of the early help process and understand their role in it;
• Should be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help and will discuss early help requirements with the safeguarding lead in the first instance;
• May be required to support social workers and other agencies following a referral;
• Will be made aware of the process for making referrals to Children’s Social Care (though the MASH), understand statutory assessments and the role that they may be expected to play in such assessments;
• Should be prepared to make referrals to the MASH if they have concerns about a child’s welfare and understand the role that they may be expected to play in such assessments;
• Will receive regularly updated safeguarding and child protection training;
• Will receive safeguarding updates throughout the year as part of continuous professional development;
• Should be able to contribute to the development of safeguarding policy and practice;
• Should always seek advice from the Designated Safeguarding Lead if they are unsure; and
• If concerns or allegations arise regarding a member of staff or the Headteacher, must follow the steps outlined in section 11 of this Policy, and the School’s Statement of Procedures for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers, Other Staff and Volunteers.
• All teachers should safeguard children’s wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties (Teaching Standards, 2012).

3.5 Multi-Agency Working

3.5.1 The school is committed to multi-agency working and operates under Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) and local safeguarding arrangements.
The school will work with social care, the police, health services, local Early Help practitioners and other relevant agencies to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm.

We work closely with our local Family Hub to ensure children receive appropriate, co-ordinated Early Help. Our Hub is Pathways Family Hub, Radford Primary School Site. Lawrence Saunders Rd, Radford, Coventry CV6 1HD Tel: 02476978130 (Joel Kendrick)

The Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership (CSCP) have a designated that schools and colleges are a names ‘relevant agency’. As such, the school is under a statutory duty to co-operate with published CSCP arrangements.

4 Types of abuse

4.1 As outlined above, all staff will be trained in indicators of abuse and should be able to recognise signs of abuse. We recognise that abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are complex and can rarely be covered by one label. Abuse can take many forms and can involve directly inflicting harm on a child, or failing to protect a child from harm. The four main types of abuse that staff are trained to recognise are:

- Physical abuse;
- Sexual abuse;
- Emotional abuse;
- Neglect.

4.2 Types of abuse (Taken from Working Together to Safeguard Children, 2018)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of abuse</th>
<th>Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abuse</td>
<td>A form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others (e.g. via the internet). They may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child or children.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical abuse</td>
<td>A form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emotional Abuse</td>
<td>The persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child’s emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or ‘making fun’ of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of abuse</td>
<td>Information</td>
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<td>-----------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developmental abuse</td>
<td>developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child’s developmental capability, as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyber bullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, though it may occur alone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual abuse</td>
<td>Involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example, rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. The sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue in education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child sexual exploitation (CSE)</td>
<td>CSE is a form of child sexual abuse. It occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual activity (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual. Child sexual exploitation doesn’t not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neglect</td>
<td>The persistent failure to meet a child’s basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child’s health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy, for example, as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of abuse</td>
<td>Information</td>
</tr>
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<td>--------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child’s basic emotional needs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3 Indicators of abuse can be found in Appendix B.

4.4 If a child is in immediate danger or at risk of harm, a referral will be made to children’s social care (through the MASH) and any member of staff can make this referral. A Designated or Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead should be available at all times, but in exceptional circumstances the member of staff should speak to a member of the Senior Leadership Team or seek advice directly from social care and then take appropriate action. The Designated Safeguarding Lead should be made aware as soon as possible.

4.5 Staff, parents and the wider community should report any concerns that they have about the welfare of children, however minor or seemingly insignificant. Staff should not assume that someone else will report concerns.

4.6 The school recognises that any child can be the victim of abuse and may benefit from early help. However, the school will be particularly vigilant to potential need for early help if a child:

- is disabled and have specific additional needs;
- has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory education, health and care plan);
- is a young carer;
- is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups;
- is frequently missing/goes missing from care or from home;
- is misusing drugs or alcohol themselves;
- is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking or exploitation;
- is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as substance abuse, adult mental health problems or domestic abuse;
- has returned home to their family from care;
- is showing early signs of abuse and/or neglect;
- is at risk of being radicalised or exploited;
- is a privately fostered child.²

² Taken from paragraph 18, Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2019)
4.7 Parkgate Primary recognises that abuse can take many different forms. Staff will also receive training on the following issues and action will be taken if Parkgate Primary believes that a child is at risk of or is the victim of:

- physical abuse;
- sexual abuse;
- child sexual exploitation;
- emotional abuse;
- neglect;
- bullying, including cyber- or online-bullying;
- criminal exploitation (including involvement in county lines);
- domestic abuse;
- fabricated or induced illness;
- faith-based abuse;
- female genital mutilation;
- forced marriage;
- gangs or youth violence;
- gender-based violence;
- hate;
- honour-based violence;
- radicalisation;
- relationship abuse;
- serious violence;
- sexual violence or sexual harassment (including peer on peer abuse/child on child abuse);
- sexting;
- so-called ‘honour-based’ abuse;
- trafficking and modern slavery.

4.8 Parkgate Primary will also take action to protect:

- Children missing education;
- Children missing from home or care.

4.9 There are other familial issues that can have a detrimental impact on children. We work with other agencies in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (2019) to support children and families in the following circumstances:

- Children facing the court procedures and/or children in the court system;
- Children with family members in prison;
- Children who are homeless;
- Children who need a social worker.

4.10 Child potentially at greater risk of harm.
4.10.1 The school recognises that some children need a social worker due to abuse, neglect or family circumstances and that abuse and trauma can leave children vulnerable to further harm, as well as educational disadvantage.

4.10.2 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will hold information relating to social workers working with children in the school.

4.10.3 This information will inform decisions about safeguarding and promoting welfare (including the provision of pastoral and/or academic support).

4.11 Mental Health

4.11.1 The school recognises that safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children includes preventing the impairment of children’s mental health or development.

4.11.2 All staff will be aware that mental health problems may be an indicator that a child is suffering or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.

4.11.3 Staff will not attempt to make a diagnosis of a mental health problem unless they are appropriately trained.

4.11.4 We recognise that staff are well-placed to observe behaviour that may indicate that a child is experiencing a mental health problem, or is at risk of developing one. There are clear systems and processes in place for identifying possible mental health problems. If staff are concerned that a child is suffering a mental health problem, they should inform the DSL(s), fill in a referral form for the Over -Coming Barriers Team and arrange to speak to Dr.George Harris (Clinical Psychologist)

4.11.5 If staff are concerned that a child is experiencing a mental health problem that is also a safeguarding concern, they must report this to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or Deputy DSLs) immediately.

4.11.6 Parkgate Primary holds the national ‘Well Being Award’ and has a dedicated ‘Change Team’ to lead on and promote mental health awareness. The Lead on this is Ben Henley (Deputy Head). The headteacher, Deputy Head, SBM and Chair of Governors has completed a Mental Health Awareness Course (Mental Health First Aid)

4.11.7 Further information, guidance and advice regarding mental health can be found in paragraph 38 of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2020.

4.12 Parkgate Primary have a duty to refer any children who are living in a private fostering arrangement to the local authority.

4.13 All schools are subject to a duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 in the exercise of their functions to have “due regard” to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism. See Appendix B for further information on Parkgate Primary’s Prevent duty.

4.14 If any member of staff is unsure about signs of abuse or neglect, they should speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

4.15 See Appendix B for further information and guidance on the above issues.³

³ Please note that definitions of physical, sexual, emotional abuse and neglect are contained in the main body of the policy. Further information about other safeguarding issues and indicators of abuse can be found in Appendix B.
5 Responding to signs of abuse

5.1 If a member of staff, parent or member of the public is concerned about a child’s welfare, they should report it to the designated safeguarding lead as soon as possible. On occasions when the designated safeguarding lead is not available, it should be reported to the deputy safeguarding lead without delay. Although any member of staff can make a referral to Children’s social care, where possible there should be a conversation with the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

5.2 If anyone other than the Designated Safeguarding Lead makes a referral to children’s social care or to the police, they should inform the DSL as soon as possible.

5.2 All staff will be alert to indicators of abuse and will report any of the following to the Designated Safeguarding Lead immediately:

- Any concern or suspicion that a child has sustained an injury outside what is reasonably attributable to normal play;
- Any concerning behaviours exhibited by children that may indicated that they have been harmed or are at risk of harm, including unusual changes in mood or behaviour, concerning use of language and/or concerning drawings or stories.
- Any significant changes in attendance or punctuality;
- Any significant changes in a child’s presentation;
- Any concerns relating to people who may pose a risk of harm to a child; and/or
- Any disclosures of abuse that children have made;

5.3 There will be occasions where a child discloses abuse directly to a member of staff. If this happens, the member of staff will;

- listen carefully to the child and believe what they are saying;
- not promise confidentiality, as information may need to be passed on so the child and family can receive additional support;
- only ask for clarification if something is unclear and will not ask ‘leading’ questions;
- explain what has to be done next and who has to be told.
- report disclosure to the designated safeguarding lead immediately;
- only discuss the issue with colleagues that need to know about it;
- write up the disclosure and pass it to the designated safeguarding lead. It is likely they will have a discussion with the DSL prior to this;

5.4 The designated safeguarding lead will make a decision about the action that needs to be taken following a member of staff raising a concern about a child, or following a direct disclosure. The DSL may;

- Manage support for the child internally;
- Seek advice from the social worker advice line in the MASH;
- Instigate single agency intervention and work directly with the family to improve the situation;
- Offer an Early Help Assessment to provide multi-agency help to a family;
• In cases where children are deemed to be at significant risk of harm, the DSL will refer cases to the MASH for statutory intervention. Parental consent will be obtained wherever possible before referring cases to the MASH. However, if Parkgate Primary School is worried that telling parents will mean the child is at greater risk of harm, we may do this without informing them.

• If parents do not consent to a referral but the school believes that a child is at significant risk of harm, a referral will still be made to children’s social care.

5.5 For further information about the Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership’s ‘Right Help, Right Time’ guidance. This is used by Parkgate Primary to make decisions about protecting children, please visit http://www.coventry.gov.uk/righthelprighttime.

5.6 See page 20 for flowchart of actions that will be taken where there are concerns about a child (taken from Keeping Children Safe in Education, September 2019).

5.7 In cases where members of staff become aware that Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) has been carried out on a female below the age of 18, they have a mandatory duty to report this to the police without delay and will do so. Staff should refer this to the DSL, but the legislation requires regulated health and social care professionals and teachers in England and Wales to make a report to the police where, in the course of their professional duties, they either;

• are informed by a girl under 18 that an act of FGM has been carried out on her; or
• observe physical signs which appear to show that an act of FGM has been carried out on a girl under 18 and they have no reason to believe that the act was necessary for the girl’s physical or mental health or for purposes connected with labour or birth.4

5.8 Parkgate Primary understands that both adults and other children can perpetrate abuse, and peer on peer abuse is taken very seriously. Peer on peer abuse can include bullying, cyber-bullying, physical abuse, sexting, sexual violence and/or harassment, upskirting and initiation/hazing ceremonies. The school recognise that safeguarding issues can manifest as peer on peer abuse.

5.8.1 All members of staff will be made aware of the school’s policy and procedures with regards to peer on peer abuse. The school will ensure staff understand what is meant by peer on peer abuse and the school policy on peer on peer abuse by regular training and updates. All staff will receive ‘Refresher Training’ at least annually. Support and advice for staff is available from the DSLs and the Overcoming Barriers Team.

5.8.2 Parkgate Primary will work to prevent peer on peer abuse by ensuring there is a culture of awareness and understanding, that no member of staff accepts any form of abuse as ‘banter’ and that policies, practices and procedures are fully embedded.

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4 Introduced in Section 5B of the FGM Act 2003, as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015
5.8.3 In the event that an allegation of peer on peer abuse is made, Parkgate Primary will carry out the following steps:

If a member of staff reports a concern or a child discloses the following steps will be taken:

The DSL or a Deputy DSL will decide the school’s initial response, taking into consideration:

- The victim’s wishes.
- The nature of the incident.
- The ages and developmental stages of the children involved.
- Any power imbalance between the children.
- Whether the incident is a one-off or part of a pattern.
- Any ongoing risks.
- Any related issues and the wider context, such as whether there are wider environmental factors in a child’s life that threaten their safety and/or welfare.
- The best interests of the child.
- That sexual violence and sexual harassment are always unacceptable and will not be tolerated.
- As a result school may decide to:
  - Managed the incident internally – a ‘one –off’ which can be managed and supported by school policies, pastoral support, protective behaviour, OB2L etc.
  - Early Help – some advice and guidance from external agencies
  - Referral to Social Care – if the child has been harmed, at risk of harm or in immediate danger. Parents will be informed of the referral unless to do so would put the child at further risk
  - Police Involvement –
    - Rape, assault by penetration and sexual assaults are crimes. Where a report includes such an act, the police should be notified, often as a natural progression of making a referral to children’s social care. The DSL should be aware of the local process for referrals to both children’s social care and the police.
    - Whilst the age of criminal responsibility is 10, if the alleged perpetrator is under 10, the principle of referring to the police remains. In these cases, the police will take a welfare approach rather than a criminal justice approach.

5.8.4 In the event that an allegation of peer on peer abuse (child on child abuse) is made, victims and alleged perpetrators will be supported by ensuring that the victim will not be made to share the same classroom or learning space as the perpetrator whilst the investigation is on-going. Emotional support will be
provided for all involved from our pastoral Overcoming Barriers Team and external support will be provided from outside agencies if appropriate.

5.8.5 Parkgate Primary School will never pass off peer on peer abuse (child on child abuse) as ‘banter’ or ‘part of growing up’.

5.8.6 At Parkgate Primary we are aware of our potentially more vulnerable children in relation to abuse, namely our very young children in Nursery and Reception, our children with limited communication skills, due to complex speech and language issues, EAL or other communication issues, our children with Special Educational Needs and those experiences difficult home-lives and those children who are Looked-After/Previously Looked After, on Child Protection plans or Children in Need. (Paragraph 106 KCSIE)

5.8.7 We are not a boarding school or residential setting but we have a LA day provision on site, ‘The Keys’ managed by the Local Authority. DSL is Jo Cave.

5.8.8 Parkgate Primary School will adhere to guidance set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education (2020) and Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment in Schools (May 2018) when responding to incidents of peer on peer abuse.

5.8.9 All staff will be made aware that ‘upskirting’ is a criminal offence.

5.9 Youth Produced Sexual Imagery (‘sexting’)

5.9.1 ‘Sexting’ refers to any sharing of youth-produced sexual imagery between children. This includes:

- A person under the age of 18 creating and sharing sexual imagery of themselves with a peer under the age of 18;
- A person under the age of 18 sharing sexual imagery created by another person under the age of 18 with a peer under the age of 18 or an adult;
- A person under the age of 18 being in possession of sexual imagery created by another person under the age of 18.

5.9.2 Parkgate Primary School has a responsibility to educate children in the risks relating to ‘sexting’ and how to keep themselves safe online. Please refer to our Policies regarding E-Safety and our PSHCE Overview. Both available on the school website.

5.9.3 Any incidents or suspected incidents of ‘sexting’ should be reported to the DSL without delay.

5.9.4 Once reported to the DSL, the DSL will decide on the appropriate course of action. This could include:

- Confiscation of mobile phones in line with guidance ‘Searching, Screening and Confiscation, January 2018’;
- Referrals to the police and/or MASH;
- Sanctions in accordance with behaviour policy;
- Support for young people involved to prevent reoccurrence;

5.9.5 Any incidents of ‘sexting’ involving the following will result in a MASH and/or Police referral;
- Adult involvement;
- Coercion or blackmail;
- Children under the age of 13;
- Extreme, or violent content;
- Immediate risk of harm.

5.9.6 Staff will not view images or videos on pupil devices. Confiscated devices will be stored securely and passed to the relevant agencies.

5.9.7 We will work with parents as necessary if their child is involved in ‘sexting’.

5.9.8 We operate a culture of safeguarding and young people should feel confident to disclose if they have sent an inappropriate image of themselves. Children will always be supported to retrieve and delete the images.

5.9 **Serious Violence**

5.9.1 All staff will be made aware of the indicators, which may signal that children are at risk of, or are involved with serious violent crime.

5.9.2 All staff will be made aware of the risks associated with serious violence, criminal networks and gangs and understand the measures in place to prevent these.

5.9.3 All staff will have an awareness of Child Criminal Exploitation and behaviours linked to Child Criminal Exploitation. Further information about criminal Exploitation can be found in paragraph 28 of Keeping Children Safe in Education.

5.10 **Searching, Screening and Confiscation**

5.10.1 Where necessary, searching, screening and confiscation will be used to safeguard a child/children in Parkgate Primary School.

5.10.2 Parkgate Primary School adheres to ‘Searching, Screening and Confiscation: Advice for Schools (January 2018)

5.10.3 Please see ‘Searching, Screening and Confiscation Policy 2018-2011’ Reviewed by Governors in May 2018. Please also refer to our ‘Safer Handling Policy’

5.11 **Extra-Familial Harm**

5.11.1 Parkgate Primary recognises that safeguarding incidents can be associated with factors outside the school and may take place outside of school. We also recognise that safeguarding incidents or behaviours can occur between children outside of school. We will always consider contextual safeguarding factors when responding to safeguarding incidents.

5.11.2 All staff will be made aware that safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors outside Parkgate Primary and/or can occur between children outside these environments.
5.11 To raise concerns about children, members of staff should contact the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) by telephone to discuss the referral. They should then complete the online Multi-Agency Referral Form (MARF) and submit this to the MASH. The school will follow up referrals if we do not receive feedback from social care.

MASH Telephone number: 02476 788 555
MASH online referral form: http://www.coventry.gov.uk/safeguardingchildren

Out of hours Emergency Duty Team: 02476 832 222

Prevent/Channel Referrals: Refer to MASH and to CTU_GATEWAY@west-midlands.pnn.police.uk

5.12 If a child’s situation does not appear to be improving following a referral, the school may re-refer the child. We will also consider using the Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership’s Escalation and Resolution of Professional Disagreements Policy to ensure that our concerns have been addressed and that the situation improves for the child.

6 Record-keeping

6.1 A written record of all safeguarding and/or child protection concerns, discussions and decisions made will be kept in individual children’s files. This will be separate from the main school file and will only be accessed by the relevant safeguarding staff.

6.2 Parkgate Primary School keeps all safeguarding files electronically, using a system called CPOMs.

6.3 Staff will submit all concerns in writing to the DSL at the earliest opportunity. This may be after having a verbal conversation, but conversations will also be followed up in writing using CPOMs. In the event of technological issues or for visiting professionals without access to CPOMs a form is available. Records must be factual, accurate and relevant, avoiding subjective judgements. It is not the school’s responsibility to ‘check out ‘what a child says nor should any adults involved in the situation be questioned.

6.4 In the event that a child moves school, the safeguarding file will be transferred to the new setting securely and separately from the main school file. Once received by the new school, this school will not retain the information.

6.4 The school will seek at least two emergency contacts for every child.

6.5 All data processed by Parkgate Primary School is done so in line with the General Data Protection Guidelines and Data Protection Act (2018) Please see the following for additional information:

* Privacy notice
* GDPR Staff Handbook
* Data Protection Policy

6.6 Communication with parents/carers.

Parents and carers will be made aware of the school policy through published information and in initial meetings with parents and carers of new children. Parents and carers will be informed that in certain circumstances there may be a need to contact other agencies without first notifying them. This decision will be made in partnership between Education Services and Social Care. It will made clear that this
is a legal obligation and not a personal decision. Consent to share information will be sought unless doing so may place someone at risk of greater harm.

6.7 Confidentiality

Safeguarding information should be treated as confidential and only shared as part of the agreed school. All staff/volunteers have a responsibility to share relevant information about the protection of children with other professionals. Staff and volunteers who receive information about children and their families in the course of their work shall only share that information within appropriate contexts.

Privacy Notice and Data Protection Policy available on school website or from school

6.8 Further information regarding information sharing and data processing in relation to safeguarding can be found in Part Two of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020)

7 Photography and Images

7.1 Consent from parents to photograph children at both Parkgate Primary School and The Futures Trust events for promotional reasons will be sought when the child joins Parkgate Primary School. This is reviewed annually to ensure consent is informed and up to date. It is managed via the main school office administration team and overseen by a member of the Senior Leadership Team.

7.2 Parents can withdraw consent at any time and must notify Parkgate Primary if they do not wish their child’s photographs to be used.

7.3 Photographs of children used publicly will not be displayed with their full name or other personal information.

7.4 Photographs of children will be processed in line with the General Data Protection Regulation.

8 Early Help

8.1 Parkgate Primary is committed to supporting families as soon as a possible problem arises. It is more effective to support a family through early help than reacting to a problem later. Everyone who comes into contact with children and their families and carers have a role to play in safeguarding children. Parkgate Primary works closely with its neighbouring family hub to work with families in the community to improve outcomes for children.

Radford Family Hub:

Pathways Family Hub

Radford Primary school, Lawrence Saunders Road, Radford, Coventry

024 7678 8444

8.2 Parkgate Primary works within the Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership’s ‘Right Help, Right Time’ framework, available on the CSCP website.
9 Staff training

9.1 In order for staff to be able to understand and discharge their safeguarding and child protection duties, Parkgate Primary has committed to training staff throughout the academic year. All staff members will be made aware of Parkgate Primary’s safeguarding processes and structures and will receive training on these as part of their induction, including an online NSPCC training course. As part of this training and their annual refresher, they will also receive:

- This ‘Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy’;
- The staff Code of Conduct
- Copies of Part 1 and Annex A of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020)
- School procedures for Children Missing Education
- The school Behaviour Policy

9.2 Staff at Parkgate Primary will receive:

- Training from the NSPCC- Tim Rogers or from The Designated Safeguarding Lead- practical scenario discussion and case-studies.
- Regular Update Training on ‘Thrive’
- Attachment Training
- Mental Health following Parkgate’s achievement of ‘The Well-Being Award for Schools’ in April 2019 and on- going training with MHFA England
- Regular updates from the DSL and other professionals around child protection and safeguarding issues that are national and/or school specific e.g Domestic Abuse
- Safer Handling Refresher Training
- Staff will receive the CSCP/LA newsletter
- Governors, DRAs, SSO and cleaners will receive updates and training as will volunteers
- Anxiety and Bereavement

9.3 Parkgate Primary recognise that children may engage in risky behaviours that may put them at additional risk of danger. These can include drug taking, alcohol abuse, truanting and ‘sexting’\(^5\). Staff will be training in these areas in order to be able to further recognise if a child is at risk of harm.

10 Safer Recruitment

10.1 Parkgate Primary is committed to providing children with a safe environment, in which they can learn. We take safer recruitment seriously and all staff are subject to the following checks:

- Identity check;
- DBS clearance;
- Prohibition from teaching checks (where required);
- Barred List check;
- Section 128 checks (as required - leadership and management);

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\(^5\) Also known as ‘youth produced sexual imagery’.
• Reference check (a minimum of two satisfactory references required)
• Professional qualifications check;
• Right to work in the UK check;
• Further checks for those who have lived outside the UK;
• Disqualification Under the Childcare Act 2006 checks (as required).

10.2 A record of all checks on members of staff will be held on the Single Central Record.

10.3 All new members of staff will be required to obtain DBS clearance. Parkgate Primary reserves the right to re-check DBS clearance for any member of staff where information is received that indicates that they may pose a risk to children.

10.4 At least one member of every interview panel will have undergone Safer Recruitment training.

10.5 We take proportionate decisions on whether to check individuals beyond what is required.

10.6 Any visitor to the school who has not been subject to the necessary checks will be supervised at all times.

10.7 All safer recruitment practices at Parkgate Primary comply with Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020). See Part 3 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020) for further information.

10.8 The school will adhere to and fully implement the Trust’s Safer Recruitment Checklist and the processes that underpin it.

10.9 When recruiting volunteers the school will adhere to and fully implement the Trust’s Volunteer Policy.

10.10 The school’s safer recruitment practices will be reviewed by the Trust alongside the school’s Designated Safeguarding Lead on a regular basis. Any actions required will be reported to the Governing Body and the Trust.

10.11 Refer to our ‘Safer Recruitment Policy for further details.

11 Allegations of abuse against staff

11.1 Parkgate Primary School takes all safeguarding concerns and/or allegations against staff seriously and will manage them in line with this policy, Part Four of Keeping Children Safe in Education (September 2020) and the CSCP Guidance, ‘Allegations against Staff Volunteers.’

11.2 Allegations of concern may include

• Staff having behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
• Staff possibly committing a criminal offence against or related to a child;
• Staff behaving towards a child or children in a way that indicates that he or she may pose a risk of harm to children;
• Staff behaving or possibly behaving in a way that indicates that they may not be suitable to work with children.
11.3 A concern, or allegation, is any information which indicates that a member of staff or volunteer may have failed to meet the requirements set out in the staff Code of Conduct or the above guidance document, or may have:

- Behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
- Possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or
- Behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children.

This applies to any child the member of staff or volunteer has, or has previously had, contact with in their personal, professional or community life.

11.4 Any such concerns or allegations must be reported in accordance with the steps below and Parkgate’s ‘statement of Procedures for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers, Other Staff and Volunteers, which is made accessible to all staff and volunteers. Failure to report is potential disciplinary matter.

11.5 If a concern or allegation of abuse arises against the headteacher, it must be reported to Carol Blair Chair of Governors without delay.

11.6 If a concern or allegation of abuse arises against any member of staff, supply teacher or volunteer other than the headteacher, it must be reported to the Headteacher without delay.

11.7 Allegations of abuse against staff must be reported to the Headteacher or Chair of Governors as appropriate and not discussed directly with the person involved.

11.8 The Headteacher or Chair of Governors should consider if the allegation meets the threshold for Designated Officer intervention, and in doing so will inform and seek advice from the Trust’s HR Director. The Local Authority designated officer is Mark Goddard and contact details can be found on the front of this policy.

11.9 Concerns relating to a position of trust issue will be referred to the Local Authority designated officer within 24 hours.

11.10 If a child has suffered or may have suffered abuse or harm, a MASH referral will also be made.

11.11 In the instances where an allegation is dealt with internally, the Local Authority designated officer will provide information and support to Parkgate Primary in managing the allegation.

11.12 A referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service will be made if a member of staff is dismissed or removed from their post as a result of safeguarding concerns, or would have been removed if they had not have resigned.

11.13 Supply Teachers

11.13.1 Although the school does not directly employ supply teachers, the school will ensure that any concerns or allegations against supply teachers are handled properly.

11.13.2 The school will never cease to use a supply teacher for safeguarding reasons without liaising with the Local Authority Designated Officer and reaching a suitable outcome.
11.13.3 Governing Bodies/proprietors will liaise with the supply agency to determine whether to suspend or redeploy the supply teacher whilst they carry out their investigation.

11.13.4 The school will inform supply agencies of its process for managing allegations, including inviting the agency’s human resources manager (or equivalent) to meetings and regularly updating agencies on relevant school policies.

11.14 Whistleblowing

11.14.1 Parkgate Primary operates a culture of safeguarding and all staff should report any concerns about poor or unsafe practice, or Parkgate’s safeguarding processes to the senior leadership team.

11.14.2 The School’s Whistleblowing Policy is made accessible to all staff and the senior leadership team will take all concerns seriously.

11.14.3 In the event that a member of staff is unable to raise an issue with senior leadership in school, they should refer to Parkgate Primary School’s Whistleblowing Policy and Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education for additional guidance on whistleblowing procedures.

12 Promoting safeguarding and welfare in the curriculum

12.1 Parkgate Primary recognises the importance of teaching children how to stay safe and look after their mental health and are committed to equipping children with the skills and knowledge to have successful and happy lives.

12.2 Parkgate Primary will teach children about safeguarding, including online safety. As part of a broad and balanced curriculum, the school will cover relevant issues in line with government guidance on Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education.

12.1.3 Children at Parkgate Primary School will receive the following as part of our promotion of safeguarding across the curriculum which is underpinned by a comprehensive, tailored PSHCE Curriculum which covers at an age-appropriate level, protective behaviours, e-safety, relationship and relationships and sex education, mental and physical well-being.

~ access to support from our ‘Overcoming Barriers Team’ – highly trained learning mentors trained in Wishes and Feelings, Thrive, Attachment, Hygiene, Bereavement, Friendship and Self-Esteem, Positive Body Image, Self-Harm etc.

~ access to a Clinical Psychologist, Dr George Harris and other external support Services.

~ access to Assisted Animal Activities

~ access to ‘Well-Being Family Groups’-promoting healthy minds and bodies

~ an active role in school life through Pupil Voice

~ Protective Behaviours/PANTS
~ workshops and help groups for parents
~ school nursing service

13 Children Looked After
13.1 The most common reason for children to be looked-after is because they have experienced abuse and/or neglect. Parkgate Primary recognises that children looked after may have additional vulnerabilities. The Designated Lead for Looked-After and Previously Looked-After Children is Zoe Brown working alongside the headteacher and DSL Lead (Zoe Richards)

13.2 Staff will receive training on how to best safeguard children who are Looked-After and Previously Looked-After.

13.3 The school will work with Personal Advisors when children leave care (where applicable).

13.4 Parkgate Primary is committed to working with other agencies to ensure the best outcomes for Looked-After and Previously Looked-After children.

14 Children with Special Educational Needs
14.1 As outlined in Keeping Children Safe in Education (2020), Parkgate Primary is aware that children with additional needs or disabilities may be more vulnerable to abuse and additional barriers may exist when recognising abuse and neglect. This could be because;

- assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child’s disability without further exploration;
- being more prone to peer group isolation than other children;
- the potential for children with SEN and disabilities being disproportionally impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs; and
- communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers.6

4.2 Staff will be trained in recognising signs of abuse in children with SEN and disabilities.

4.3 Staff will take into account the needs of a child when responding to concerns of abuse or when taking a disclosure. We recognise that some children require specialist intervention to communicate and advice from the SENCO will be sought in these circumstances.

4.4 Safeguarding learning opportunities within the curriculum will be appropriately differentiated to ensure all children can access it.

15 Use of reasonable force
15.1 There may be occasions when staff are required to use reasonable force to safeguard children. We will not use any more force than is necessary.

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6 Keeping Children Safe in Education, September 2019
At Parkgate Primary staff are trained in ‘Safer Handling- Care and Control’ This training is accredited and refreshed annually. All incidents are recorded on CPOMs and in a bound book. Incidents are reported to Governors. Staff are trained to use ‘Safer handling’ only as a last resort after de-escalation strategies have been used. It is only to be used when the child (or others) are at risk of harm. See Safer ‘Handling Policy’

Parents are aware of the school’s policy and children are informed about ‘Safer Handling’ through PSHCE Lessons at the start of each academic year.

16 Work Experience.
16.1 Parkgate Children to not go to other schools or establishments to undertake Work Experience. On occasions we do have students from schools within The Futures Trust at Parkgate to carry out their placements. All appropriate checks are undertaken in partnership with the sending school and Parkgate. All our policies and procedures are adhered to and relevant induction and training is in place.

17 Children staying with host families (see Annex E KCSIE)
Not applicable to Parkgate Primary

18 Boarding schools and residential settings
Not applicable to Parkgate Primary

19 Summary
19.1 The school is committed to safeguarding children and will always make safeguarding decisions that are in the best interests of each child. For further information or if you have any queries about this policy, please contact the school.
Appendix A
The school’s safeguarding policy is intended to be used in conjunction with the following policies which are either available through the school website or directly from Parkgate School.

The school adheres to Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership Policies, found here: http://www.proceduresonline.com/covandwarksscb/contents.html

- **Allegations Against Staff or Persons in a Position of Trust Policy (CSCP)**
- Anti – Bullying Policy
- Anti-Discrimination and Harassment Policy
- Attendance Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- PSHCE Policy
- Children/Young people with Medical Needs – ‘Administrations of Medicines in school Policy’ (All medical incidents are recorded on ‘Medical Tracker’ and Procedures are in place if an ambulance is needed)
- Searching, Screening and Confiscation Policy
- Children Missing in Education Procedures
- Intimate Care Policy
- Safer Handling Policy
- Complaints Policy
- Critical Incident Plan
- Data Protection Policy and Privacy Notice
- Drugs and Alcohol Guidance
- Equalities Policy
- **Managing Professional Disagreements (CSCP)**
- Health & Safety Policy
- HR & Governance Policy
- On-Line Safety Policy - outlining how children are taught to be safe and the use of mobile phones and other devices. KCSIE Pg 97
- ICY Acceptable Use Policy
- Lone Working Policy/Home Visit Policy
- Medicine & First Aid Policy
- Primary-Secondary Transition Policy
- PSHE Policy
- RSE Policy
- Promoting Positive Mental Health-WAS
- Safer Recruitment Policy
- Site Security Policy
- SEND Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Statement of Procedures for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse
- The Futures Trust Suitability Policy- Statement on the Recruitment of Ex-offenders
- The Futures Trust Reference Policy (Providing and Requesting)
- EVC -Trips and Visits Policy
- Visitor Management Policy
- Volunteer Policy
- Whistleblowing Policy
Appendix B – Further Safeguarding Information

Types of Abuse

As outlined in paragraph 4.4, the school will take action if we believe a child is at risk of or is suffering from abuse. Abuse is not limited to physical, emotional, sexual abuse and neglect. For further information on the definitions of the types of abuse below, please refer to Keeping Children Safe in Education 2020, Annex A.

See below for policy information relating to other key safeguarding issues. All decisions taken in responding to concerns of abuse will be taken in the best interests of the child.

Bullying, including cyber- or online-bullying

Parkgate Primary School takes all forms of bullying seriously and will respond sensitively and quickly to any reported bullying. Children should report any bullying to their class teacher, to the DSL or to any trusted member of staff and we will work to resolve it.

We also teach children about the dangers of bullying through our PSHCE curriculum which can be found on our Website. Bullying can take many forms and we have several policies that cover different aspects of bullying. Please see the Anti-Bullying and Behaviour Policies and paragraph 5.8 of this policy for further information.

Criminal exploitation (including involvement in county lines) - staff receive basic awareness training and regular updates on areas of concern within Coventry and surrounding areas. The DSL attends regular Police Panels to ensure information is shared between police and school. Children in Upper Key Stage Two have discussion and awareness training in an age-appropriate way through PSHCE Lessons

Domestic abuse

Parkgate Primary School takes Domestic abuse extremely seriously as it is a high priority for our children and Families. Staff receive training on the impact of Domestic Abuse on children. Parkgate signs up to Operation Encompass and receive alerts where there has been an incident for one of our children. Where families are known to Social Care we support children with their Safety Plans.

Parents are informed about Operation Encompass on induction and then annually via a letter.

Fabricated or induced illness

Parkgate Primary School is vigilant to when a ‘well’ child is presented by a parent/carer as ill or having more problems than we see at school. We are alert to exaggeration of existing symptoms if they lead to potential harm to the child or impacts on their enjoyment of school life. We are alert to families who ‘Doctor Shop’ - move doctors regularly for no apparent reason.

Faith-based abuse – staff receive basic awareness training
Female genital mutilation (A form of so-called ‘honour-based’ abuse)

Parkgate Primary School and its staff understand their legal responsibilities in relation to FGM. Staff training is regularly updated and all staff know that they have a duty to report. Posters are displayed around the school to raise awareness but also offer support/helplines to children/parents. FGM is covered in KS2 in an age appropriate way.

Forced marriage (A form of so-called ‘honour-based abuse’)- staff receive basic awareness training

Gangs or youth violence- staff receive basic awareness training and DSL is member of the police panel for the local area to ensure information sharing is timely and partnerships are built with local secondary schools which older siblings may attend

Gender-based violence- staff receive basic awareness training

Hate- staff receive basic awareness training

Homelessness Parkgate Primary supports families experiencing difficulties with housing and offer support e.g. transport, clothing, when appropriate

(So-called) ‘Honour-based’ abuse (For FGM and Forced Marriage, types of so-called ‘honour-based’ abuse, see above) – staff receive basic awareness training

Radicalisation and Extremism – Staff at Parkgate receive comprehensive training on PREVENT and the DSL is externally trained to deliver training. Staff are vigilant and refer to the DSL or Overcoming Barriers Team if they have any concerns. Referrals to Channel will be made where this is a concern.

Relationship abuse – Parkgate promotes healthy relationships through our Relationship Education and RSE and PSHCE curriculum. Children exposed to or at risk of exposure to Domestic Abuse in the home are supported via our engagement with Operation Encompass. Families are supported through our Overcoming Barriers Team.

Sexual violence or sexual harassment (including peer-on-peer abuse) –

Refer to Section 5 of this policy and the school policy on Peer on Peer Abuse. Staff receive training on induction and regular updates. Any incidents in school are analysed carefully to learn lessons and to review/improve practice if needed

Sexting- Pupils and staff at Parkgate have training and education around Sexting that is updated regularly. Advice is given to parents too. Children know that they must tell a trusted adult at school if they receive an inappropriate message or image or are encouraged to send one. School has tight procedures in place for investigating and dealing with incidents even if it occurs outside school.

Trafficking and modern slavery – staff receive basic awareness training
Children missing from education, home or care
The school will also take action to protect;

- Children missing education
- Children missing from home or care

Children Missing Education – at Parkgate Primary we

- Monitor attendance closely and address poor or irregular attendance through our school’s policy
- Refer poor attendance to the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and investigate any unexplained absences
- Encourage parents to inform us of any changes to their information, to help school and LA when making enquiries about missing children
- Be alert to signs of potential safeguarding concerns, such as travelling to conflict zones, female genital mutilation and forced marriage.
- All staff must be aware of our Procedures for Children Missing in Education. 10 days with no contact=Missing in Education.
- Staff must raise concerns by informing the DSL(S) or Karen Neale-Overcoming Barriers ‘Attendance and Punctuality Lead’
- Before referring a child to the LA as potentially Missing in Education, members of staff will make a home-visit to the child’s property to attempt to make direct contact.

If we suspect a child is suffering from harm or neglect, we follow Coventry’s local child protection procedures. We should make an immediate referral to our LA children’s social care team and, if appropriate, the police if a child is in immediate danger or at risk of harm.

Refer to statutory guidance and Parkgate’s Attendance Policy and guidance on Children Missing from Education.

Private Fostering
The school have a duty to refer any children who are living in a private fostering arrangement to the local authority.

We will do this through a MASH referral. It is important that parents/carers inform us if a child is going to be staying at an alternative address to that of their primary caregivers for more than 28 days.

Indicators of abuse
See below for possible indicators of abuse. (Taken from what to do if you are worried a child is being abused, 2015)

- Children whose behaviour changes – they may become aggressive, challenging,
- disruptive, withdrawn or clingy, or they might have difficulty sleeping or start
- wetting the bed;
- Children with clothes which are ill-fitting and/or dirty;
- Children with consistently poor hygiene;
- Children who make strong efforts to avoid specific family members or friends, without an obvious reason;
- Children who don’t want to change clothes in front of others or participate in physical activities;
- Children who are having problems at school, for example, a sudden lack of concentration and learning or they appear to be tired and hungry;
- Children who talk about being left home alone, with inappropriate carers or with strangers;
- Children who reach developmental milestones, such as learning to speak or walk, late, with no medical reason;
- Children who are regularly missing from school or education;
- Children who are reluctant to go home after school;
- Children with poor school attendance and punctuality, or who are consistently late being picked up;
- Parents who are dismissive and non-responsive to practitioners’ concerns;
- Parents who collect their children from school when drunk, or under the influence of drugs;
- Children who drink alcohol regularly from an early age;
- Children who are concerned for younger siblings without explaining why;
- Children who talk about running away; and
- Children who shy away from being touched or flinch at sudden movements.

The school recognises that the above list of indicators is not exhaustive and staff will receive training on indicators of abuse.